**Test on Part 1 (Germany and the Growth of Democracy)**

You need to answer **all six questions** from this section, using the sources specifically for answering Q1, Q2 and Q3.

**Interpretation A** – From *Adolf Hitler’s* book, Mein Kampf, published 1925-26, where he recorded his thoughts on the Treaty of Versailles.

Each point of that treaty could have been engraved on the minds and hearts of the German people and burned into them until sixty million men and women would find their souls aflame with a feeling of rage and shame.

**Interpretation B** – Adapted from a book by historian *Sally Marks* called ‘The Illusion of Peace: International Relations in Europe 1918-1933’, written in 1976.

The Treaty of Versailles is severe, but it is amazing it is not more so. Thanks to Wilson’s insistence, Germany lost remarkably little territory, considering how thoroughly it had lost the war. True, the colonies were gone, but the European losses were relatively few. The real difficulty was not that the treaty was exceptionally severe, but that the Germans, thought it was, and in time persuaded others, it was.

Answer questions **01**, **02**, **03**, **04**, **05** and **06.**

1. Read Interpretations A and B. How does **Interpretation B** differ from **Interpretation A** about the terms of the Treaty of Versailles?

Explain your based on what it says in **Interpretations A** and **B**.

 **[4 marks]**

1. Why might the authors of **Interpretations A** and **B** have a different interpretation about the Treaty of Versailles?

Explain your answer using **Interpretations A** and **B** and your contextual knowledge.

 **[4 marks]**

1. Which interpretation gives the more convincing opinion about the impact of the Treaty of Versailles?

Explain your answer based on your contextual knowledge and what it says in **Interpretations A** and **B**.

 **[8 marks]**

1. Describe two problems faced by Kaiser Wilhelm II’s governments in ruling Germany up to 1914.

 **[4 marks]**

1. In what ways were the lives of people in Germany affected by the First World War?

Explain your answer. **[8 marks]**

1. Which of the following was the more important reason why the Weimar Republic was in danger in the years 1919-1923:
	* Economic problems
	* Political unrest?

Explain your answer with reference to **both** reasons. **[12 marks]**